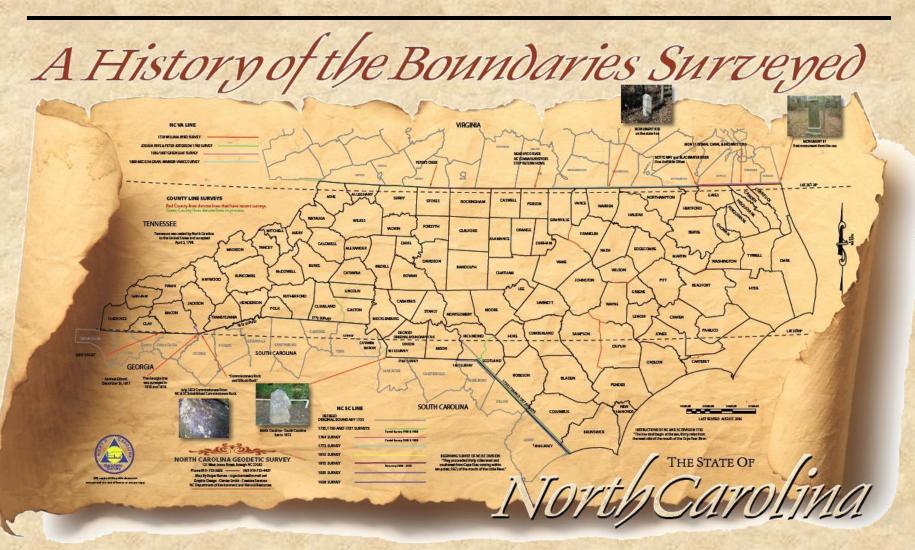
How did North Carolina get its shape?







How did North Carolina get its shape?



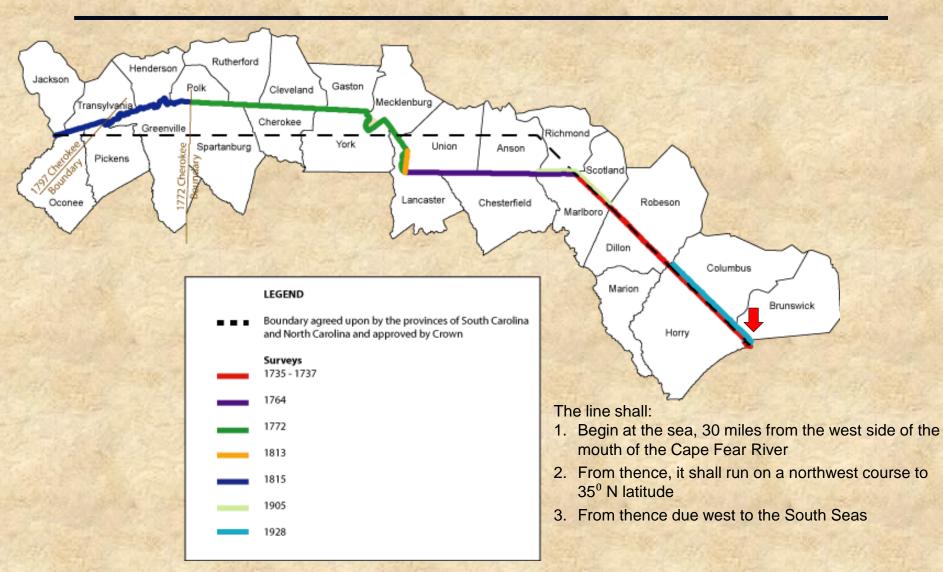
- North Carolina/South Carolina boundary
 - King George II issued a decree in 1735 that:

"The line shall begin at the sea, thirty miles from the west side of the mouth of the Cape Fear River. From thence, it shall run on a northwest course to the thirty-fifth parallel of north latitude [35° North latitude], and from thence due west to the South Seas."



How did North Carolina get its shape?







Chapter 141 State Boundaries

§ 141-1. Governor to cause boundaries to be established and protected.

The Governor of North Carolina is hereby authorized to appoint two competent commissioners and a surveyor and a sufficient number of chainbearers, on the part of the State of North Carolina, to act with the commissioners or surveyors appointed or to be appointed by any of the contiguous states of Virginia, Tennessee, South Carolina, and Georgia, to return and remark, by some permanent monuments at convenient intervals, not greater than five miles, the boundary lines between this State and any of the said states.

The Governor is also authorized, whenever in his judgment it shall be deemed necessary to protect or establish the boundary lines between this State and any other state, to institute and prosecute in the name of the State of North Carolina any and all such actions, suits, or proceedings at law or in equity, and to direct the Attorney General or such other person as he may designate to conduct and prosecute such actions, suits, or proceedings. (1881, c. 347, s. 1; Code, s. 2289; 1889, c. 475, s. 1; Rev., s. 5315; 1909, c. 51, s. 1; C.S., s. 7396.)

§ 141-2. Payment of expenses of establishing boundaries.

When the line has been rerun and remarked as above provided between this State and any of the contiguous states, or such portion of said lines as shall be mutually agreed by the commissioners, the Governor is authorized to issue his warrant upon the State Treasurer for such portion of the expenses as shall fall to the share of this State. (1881, c. 347, s. 2; Code, s. 2290; 1889, c. 475, s. 2; Rev., s. 5316; C.S., s. 7397.)

§ 141-3. Appointment of arbitrators.

If any disagreement shall arise between the commissioners, the Governor of this State is hereby authorized to appoint arbitrators to act with similar officers to be appointed by the other states in the settlement of the exact boundary. (1881, c. 347, s. 3; Code, s. 2291; 1889, c. 475, s. 3; Rev., s. 5317; C.S., s. 7398.)

§ 141-4. Disagreement of arbitrators reported to General Assembly.

In case of any serious disagreement and inability on the part of the said arbitrators to agree upon said boundary, such fact shall be reported by the Governor to the next General Assembly for their action. (1881, c. 347, s. 4; Code, s. 2292; 1889, c. 475, s. 4; Rev., s. 5318; C.S., s. 7399.)

§ 141-5. Approval of survey.

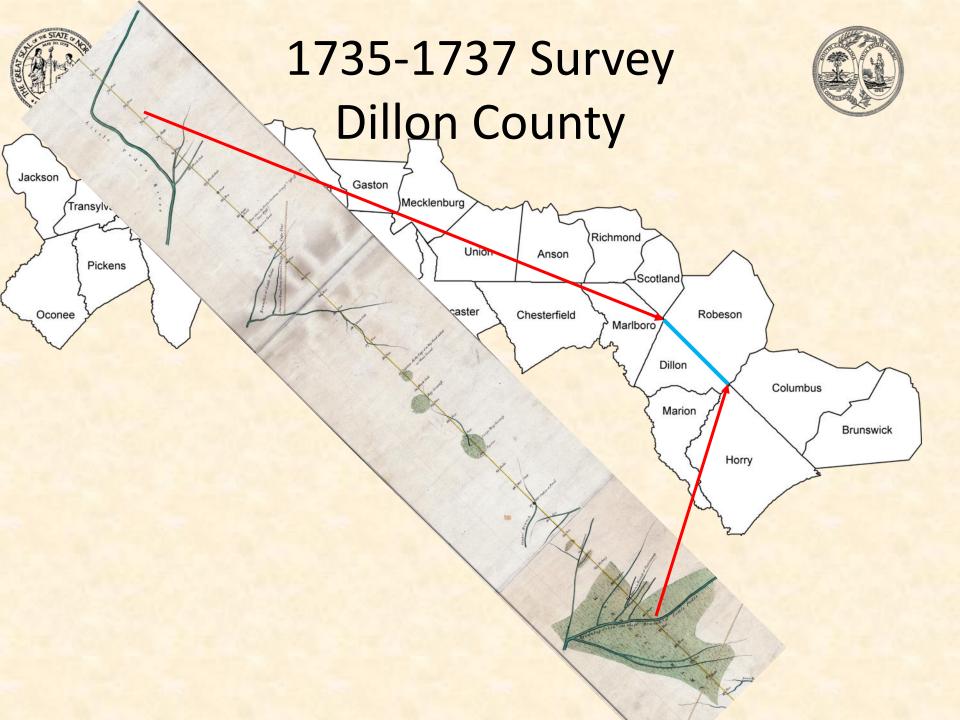
When the commissioners shall have completed the survey, or so much as shall be necessary, they shall report the same to the Governor, who shall lay the same before the Council of State; and when the Governor and the Council of State shall have approved the same the Governor shall issue his proclamation, declaring said lines to be the true boundary line or lines, and the same shall be the true boundary line or lines between this and the states above referred to. (1881, c. 347, s. 5; Code, s. 2293; 1889, c. 475, s. 5; Rev., s. 5319; C.S., s. 7400.)

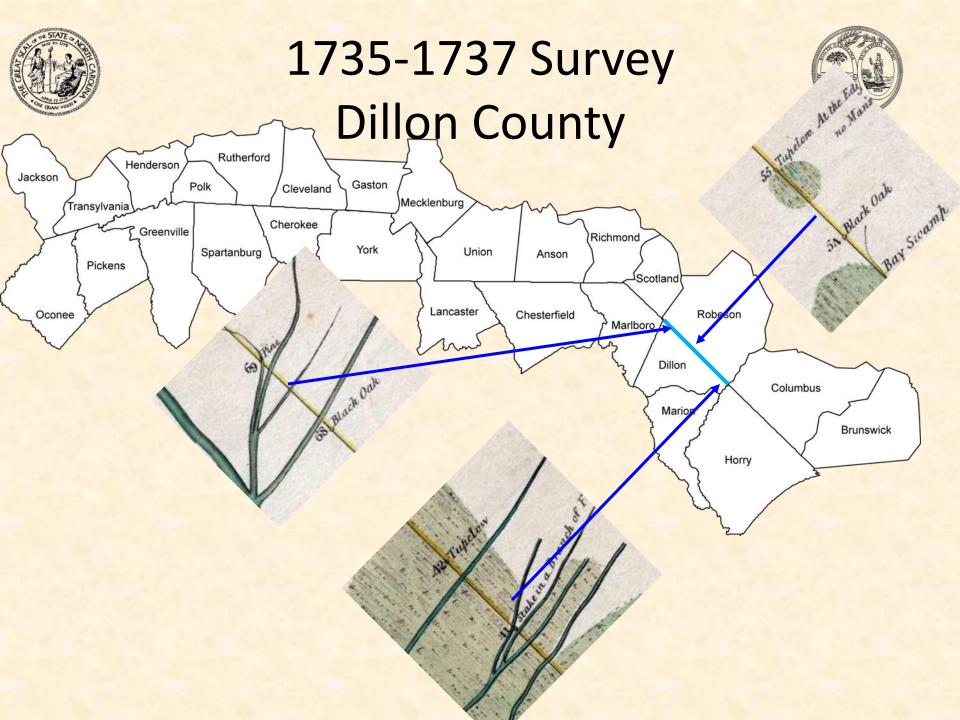
§ 141-6. Eastern boundary of State; jurisdiction over territory within littoral waters and lands under same.

- (a) The Constitution of the State of North Carolina, adopted in 1868, having provided in Article I, Sec. 34, that the "limits and boundaries of the State shall be and remain as they now are," and the eastern limit and boundary of the State of North Carolina on the Atlantic seaboard having always been, since the Treaty of Peace with Great Britain in 1783 and the Declaration of Independence of July 4, 1776, one marine league eastward from the Atlantic seashore, measured from the extreme low-water mark, the eastern boundary of the State of North Carolina is hereby declared to be fixed as it has always been at one marine league eastward from the seashore of the Atlantic Ocean bordering the State of North Carolina, measured from the extreme low-water mark of the Atlantic Ocean seashore aforesaid.
- (b) The State of North Carolina shall continue as it always has to exercise jurisdiction over the territory within the littoral waters and ownership of the lands under the same within the boundaries of the State, subject only to the jurisdiction of the federal government over navigation within such territorial waters.
- (c) The Governor and the Attorney General are hereby directed to take all such action as may be found appropriate to defend the jurisdiction of the State over its littoral waters and the ownership of the lands beneath the same. (1947, c. 1031, ss. 1-3; 1969, c. 541, s. 1.)

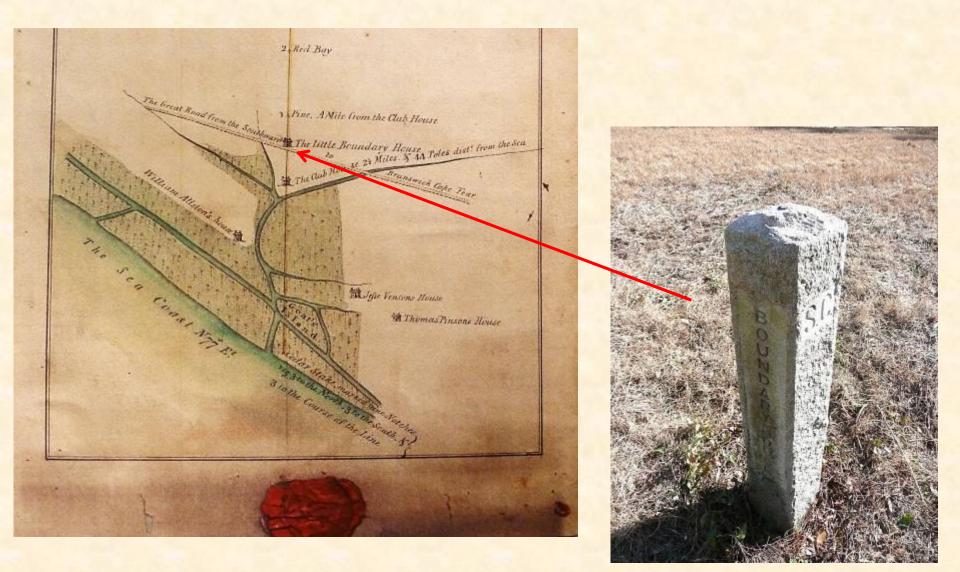
1735-1737 Survey





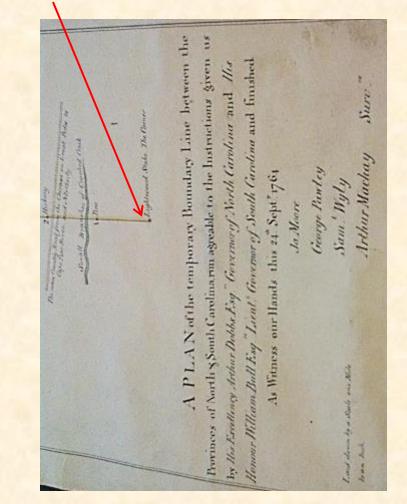


THE LITTLE BOUNDARY HOUSE

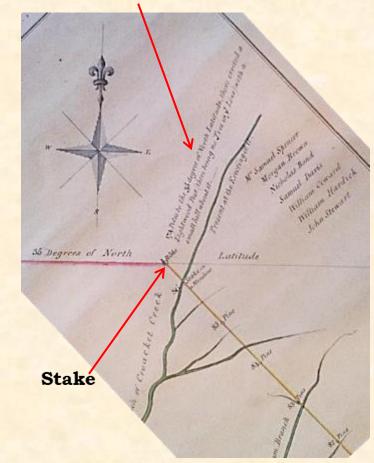


EASTERN ENDPOINT OF THE 1764 SURVEY

Lightwood Stake The Corner

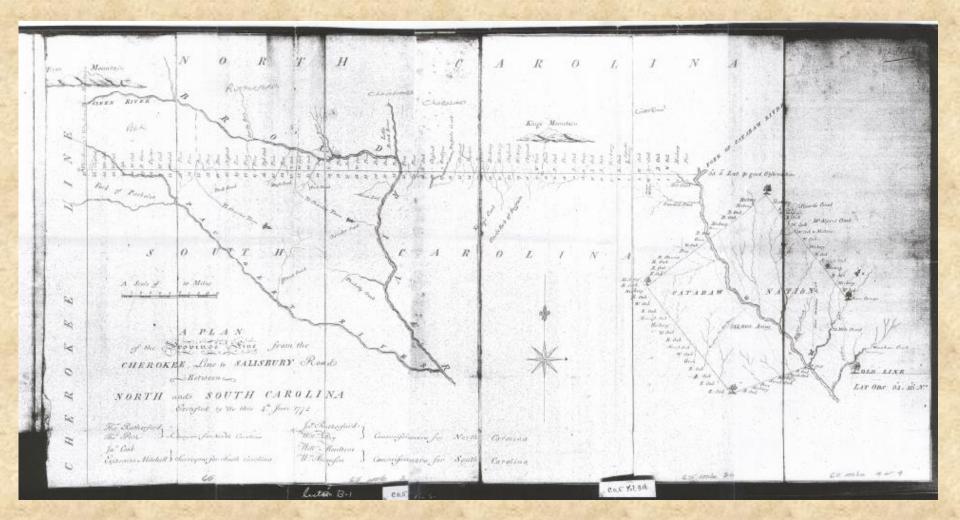


174 Poles to the 35 degree of North Latitude, there erected a Lightwood Post (there being no Tree in y^e line) with a small hill about it.

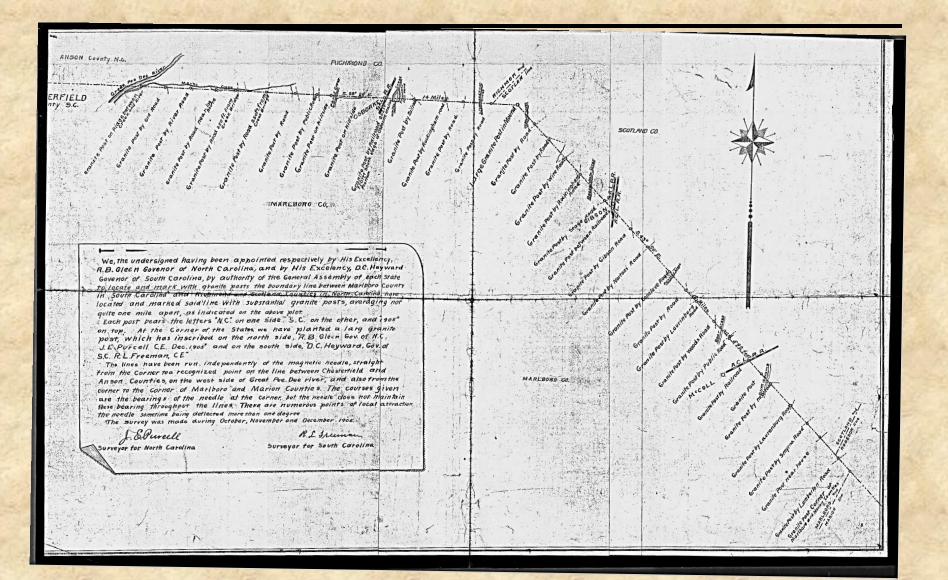


NORTHWESTERN ENDPOINT OF THE 1735-1737 SURVEY





1905 SURVEY TO RE-ESTABLISH THE SC – NC BOUNDARY BETWEEN MARLBORO COUNTY, SC AND RICHMOND AND SCOTLAND COUNTIES, NC



NC-SC Boundary 1905 Survey



NC-SC Boundary 1905 Survey





1928 SURVEY TO RE-ESTABLISH THE SC – NC BOUNDARY BETWEEN HORRY COUNTY, SC AND BRUNSWICK AND COLUMBUS COUNTIES, NC

GOAT ISLAND



BOUNDARY MON 1 GRANITE NC SC

SOUTHEASTERNMOST 1928 GRANITE MONUMENT

MARSH BETWEEN GOAT ISLAND AND MAINLAND



BOUNDARY MON 2 GRANITE NC SC

GRANITE MONUMENTS SET AT TWO-MILE INTERVALS

6 MILE STONE

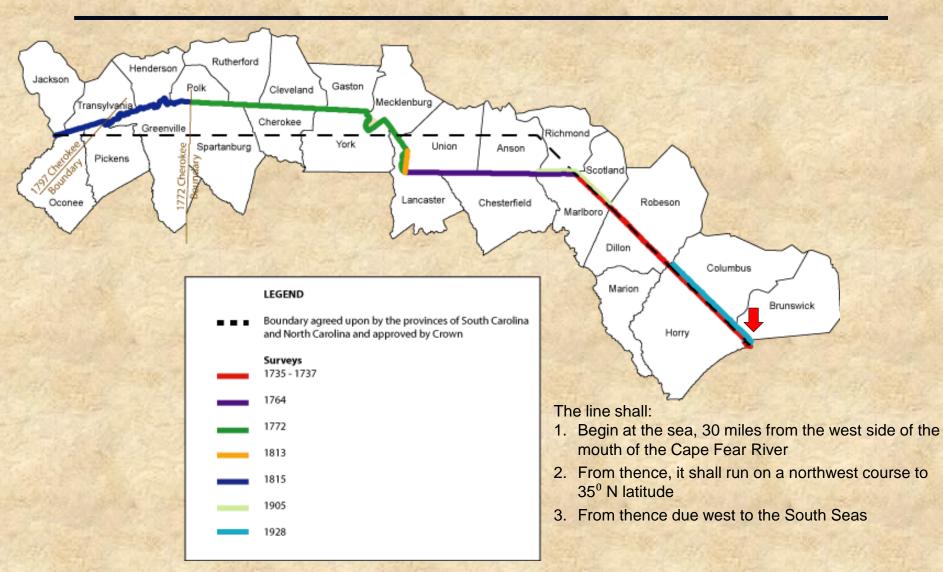


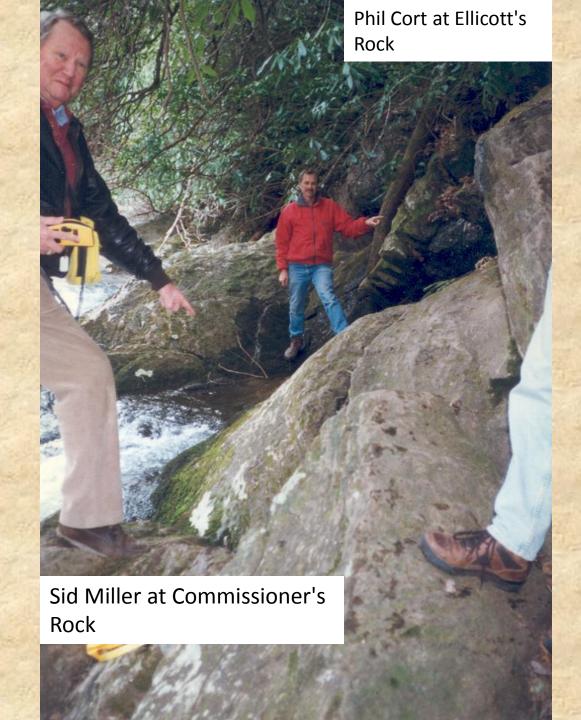




How did North Carolina get its shape?









How did North Carolina get its shape?



North Carolina/South Carolina boundary 1815 survey

Proceeded from the terminus of the 1772 survey

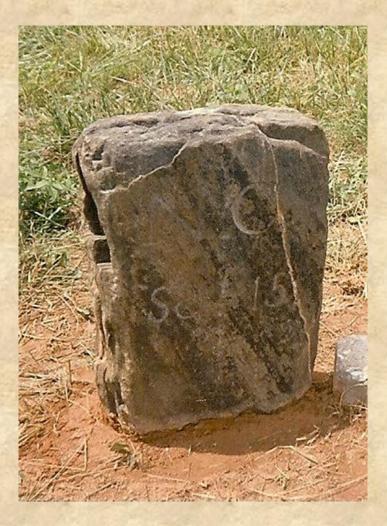


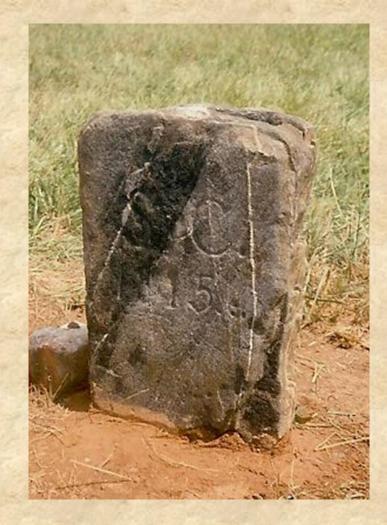
- Along a ridgeline separating two watersheds
- West-southwest to "Commissioners Rock",
 which is a rock outcrop on the east bank
 of the Chattooga River that the NC & SC
 boundary commissioners had inscribed
 thinking that it was on the 35th parallel

Although Commissioners Rock is 493 ft north of the 35th parallel, it defines a tri-state/quad-county corner:

- North Carolina: Henderson and Transylvania counties
- South Carolina: Oconee County
- Georgia: Rabun County

Block House Stone



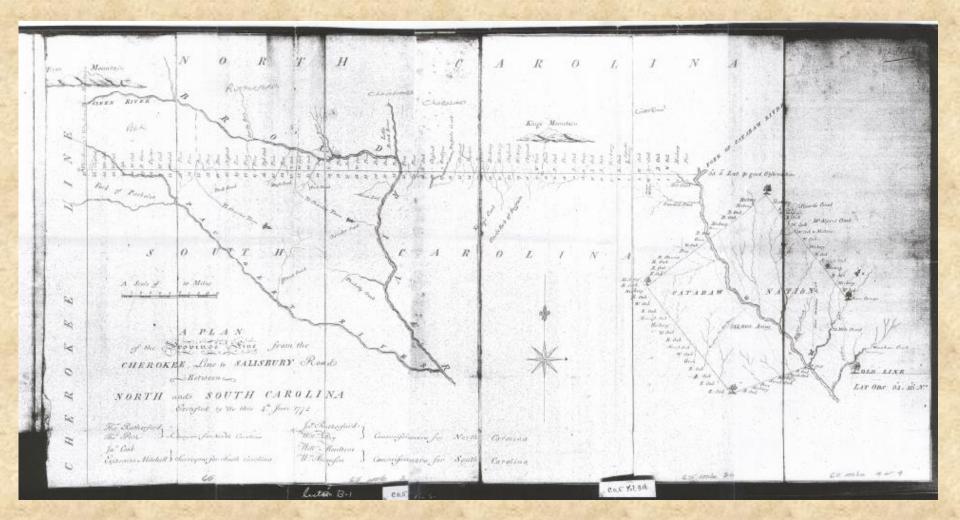








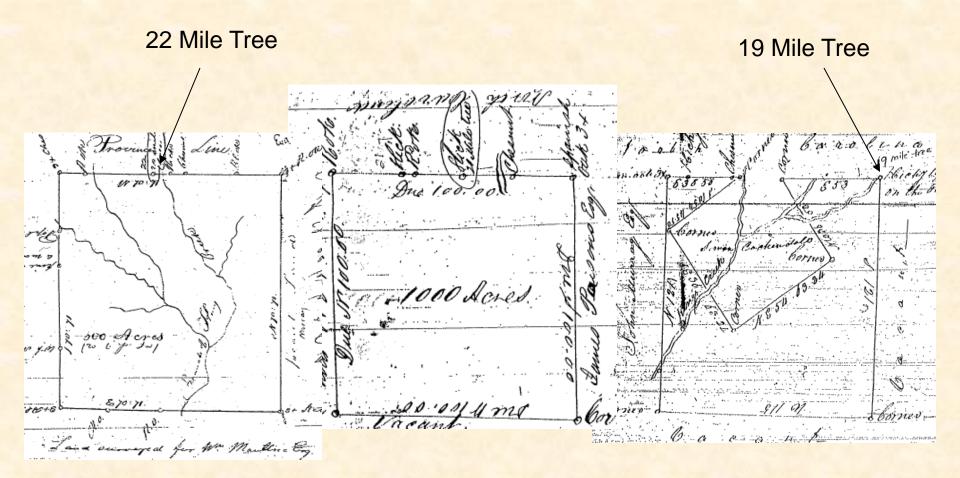






Concurrent Boundary Surveys – Tree 19-22







James Parsons – 19 Mile Tree

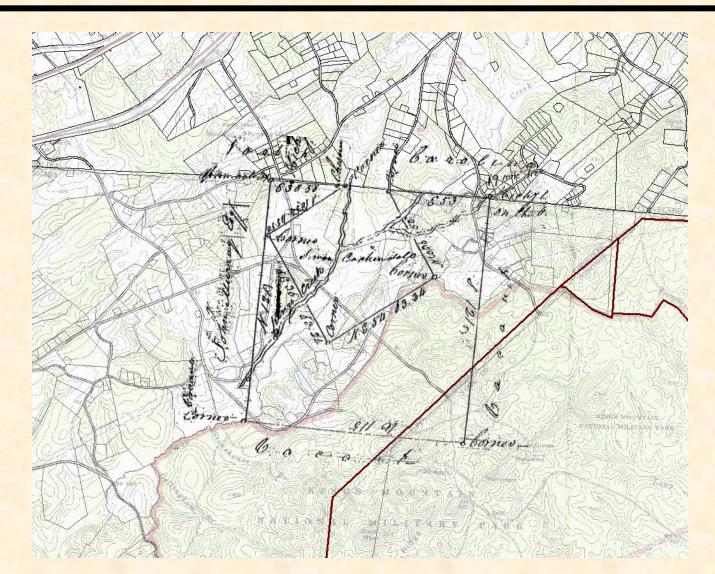


Jouth Carole barolina Bursuant to a fer 853 Pon the Province line ? from John Brem Esg. Det. Sur. Gent dates the 13 day of ellay 1772 I have decemeaning and land out unto Same Parsons Esq. a brace of Our thousand acres of land . 01 situale in breven boundy 911 M borneo bounding Non the Provina ba ea. n.kline. W. on land of John Munay Esg. and vacant land, and I & & Da Vacantlans and that such shafe and marks as the above plat references Surveyed the 28 day of May 1792 is Chinan Mitchel Ds. Vol. 19 Page 66 #1 JAMES PARSONS ; Colonial Plats



Linking Historical and Current







Joseph Warren – 44 Mile Tree

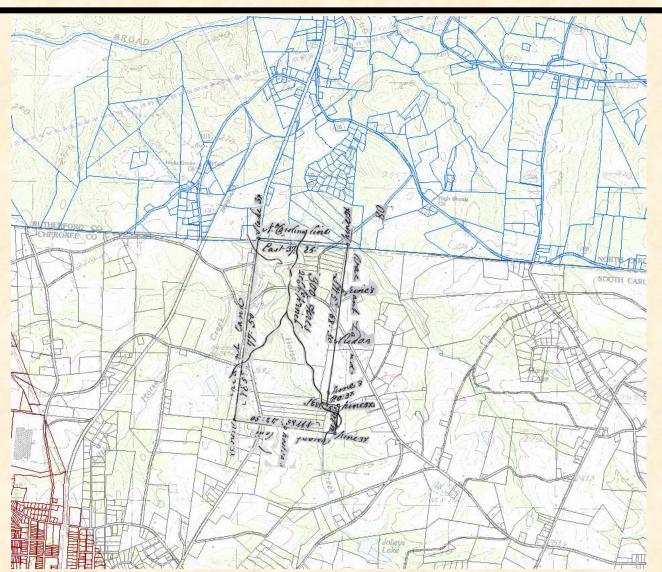


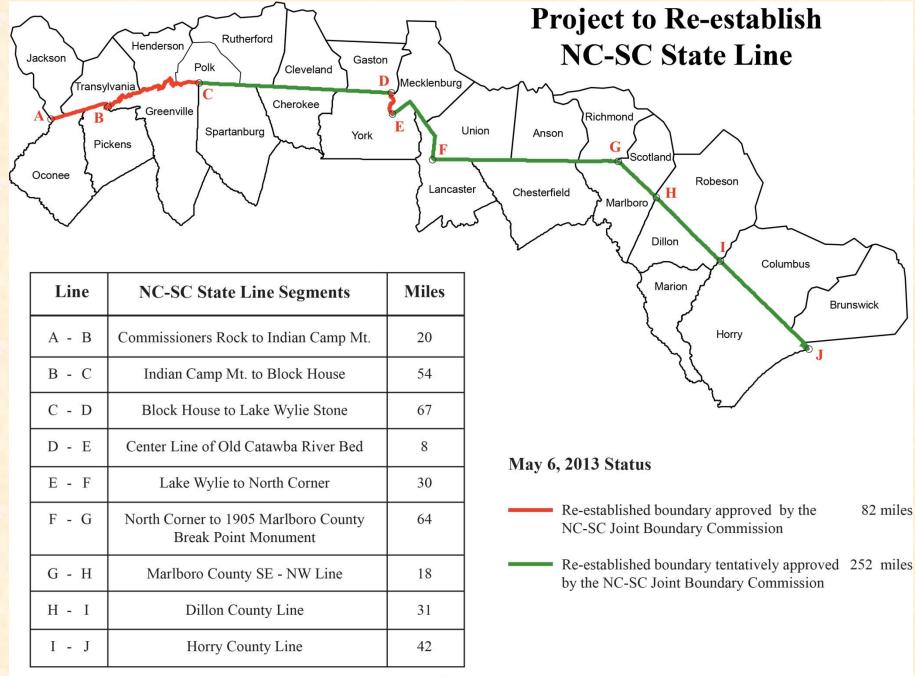
Vo112 13308 war Sant Ia Kenersk Str 5 68: 50 300 Acres hostea ins 5910 South Carolina Shave fausea to be admeasured and laid out unto Soseph Marren a tract of land Containing three hundred acres dituate in the A District of Kinety Six on both lides of Hoise Creek of Broad River and hath Such form and marks buttings and boundings asthe above plathepre ent Certified for the 12th Day of Peter 1784: George Salmon DS. ? Ephraim Mitchell Sgent 14 8 10 3 3 1 3 3 33 N



Linking Historical and Current







Total 334 miles



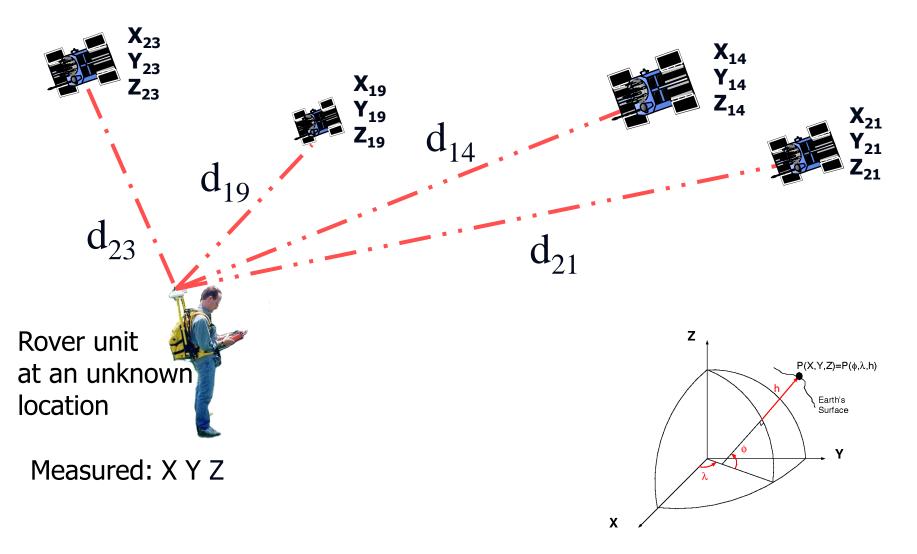
How did North Carolina get its shape?



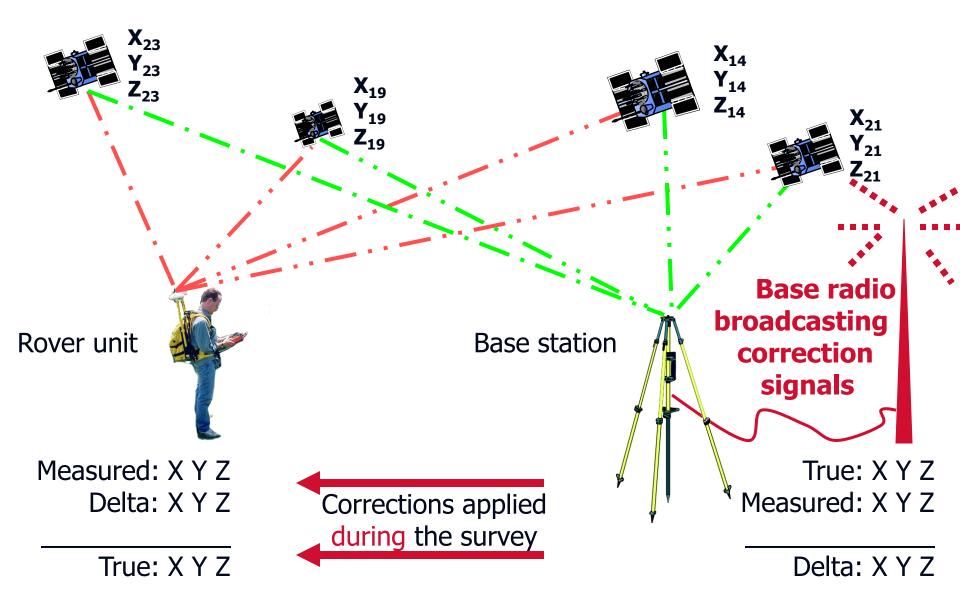
- What tools did we use to reestablish the NC-SC boundary?
 - Historical documents
 - GIS and CAD mapping tools
 - Global Navigation Satellite Systems
 - GPS
 - GLONASS
 - Total station

Non-Differential GPS

(Autonomous or Stand-alone)



Real-Time Differential GPS





NC CORS Network



- Continuously Operating Reference Station (CORS)
 - A permanent and continuously recording Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) receiver, antenna (with a surveyed reference position), & support equipment
 - NC CORS Network
 - Composed of 91 CORS
 - 2 new CORS have been installed
 - Bethel (NCBT)*
 - UNCC (NC49)*
 - 1 decommissioned
 - Clinton (NCCL

Jordan Lake, NC Antenna Mount

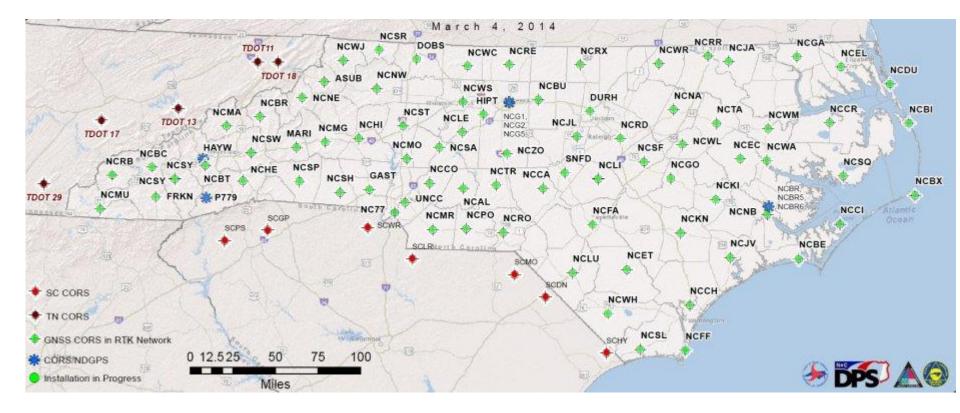
NC.II

* = Not accepted by NGS

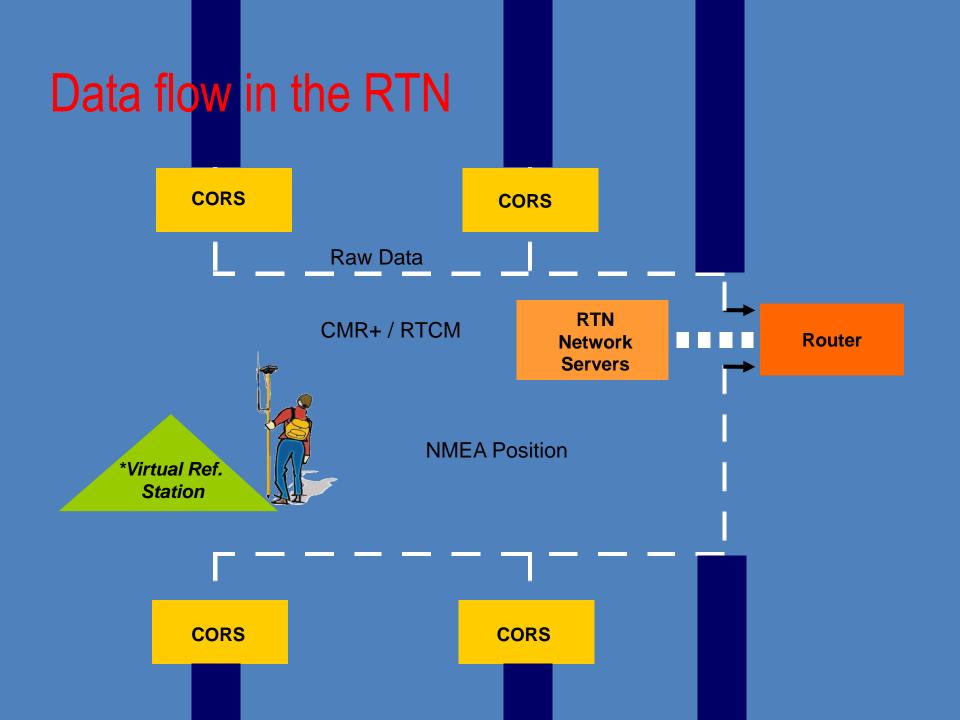


NC CORS Network









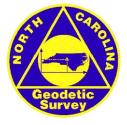


NC CORS Supports Surveying & Mapping



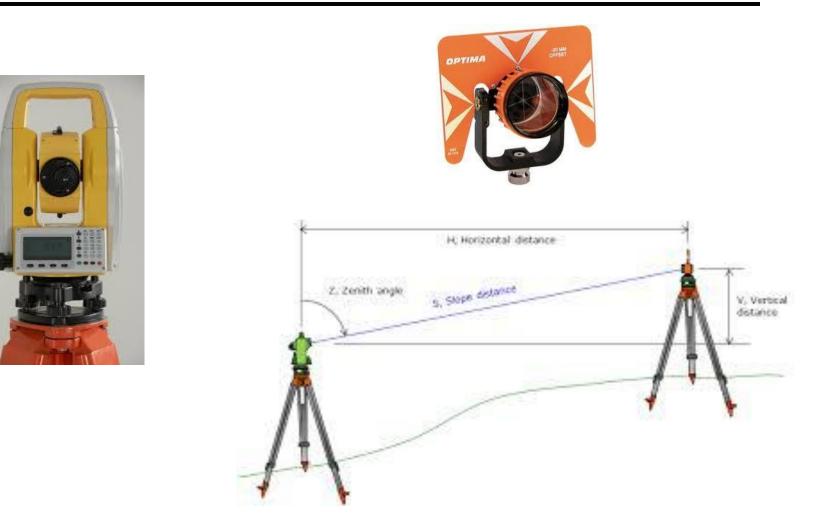




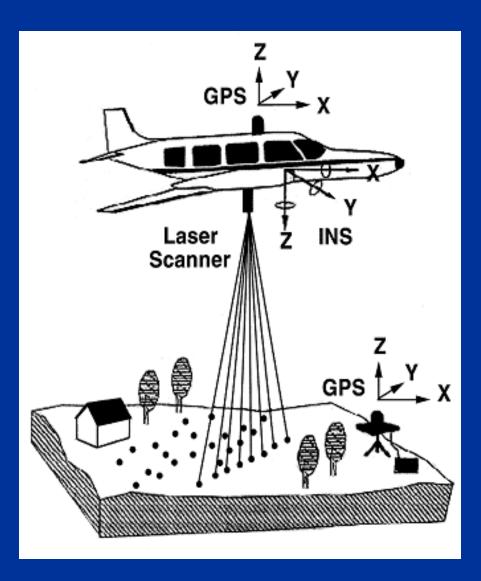


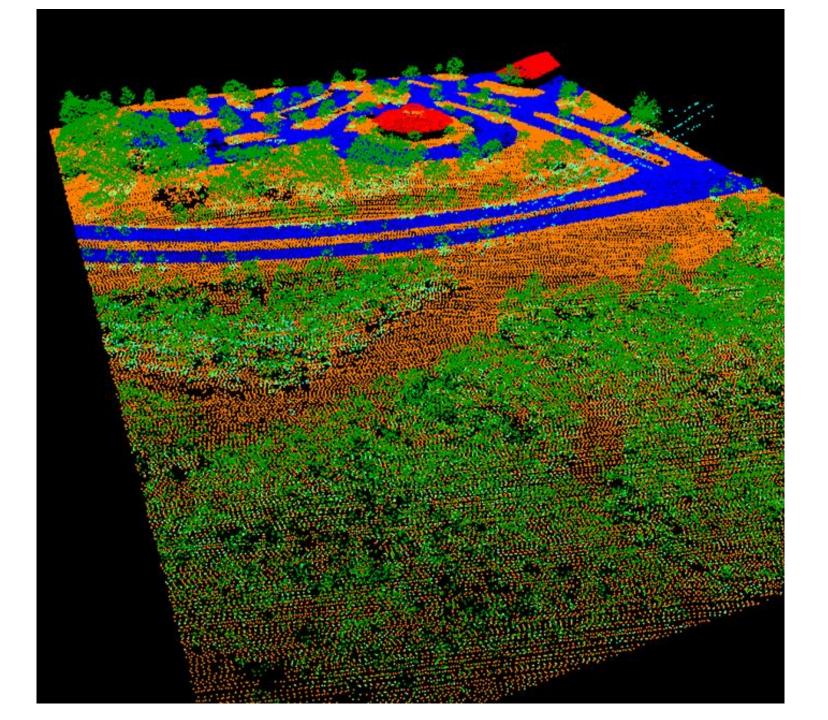
Total Station

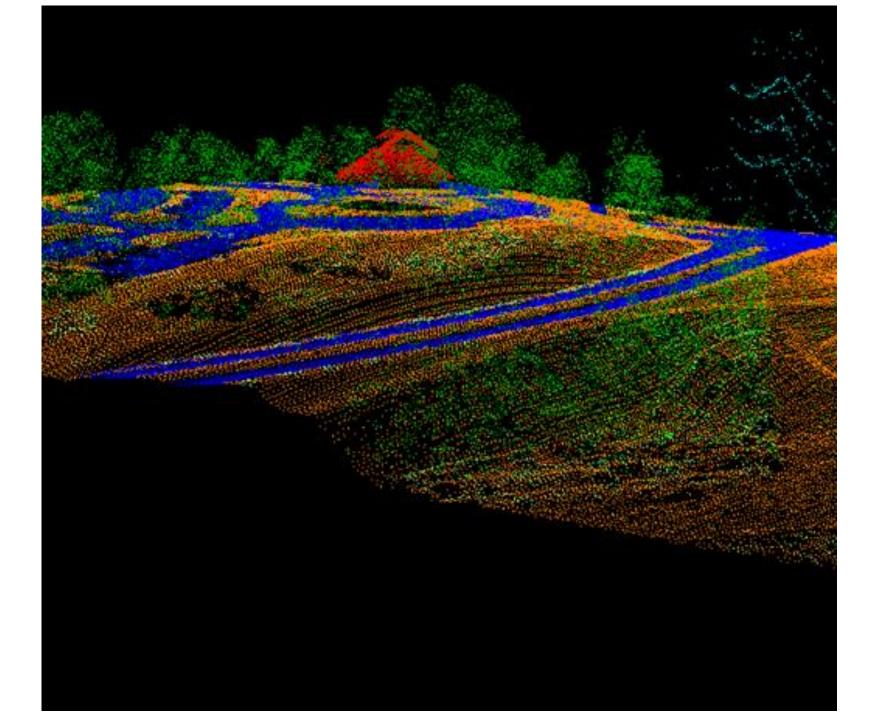


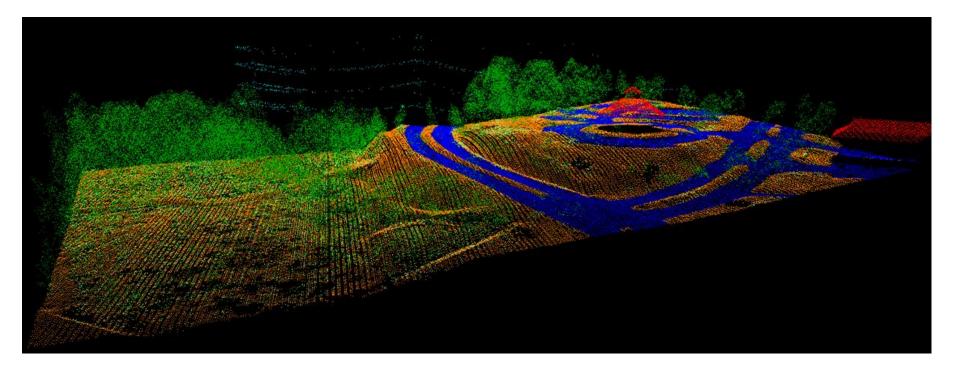


LIDAR laser sensor









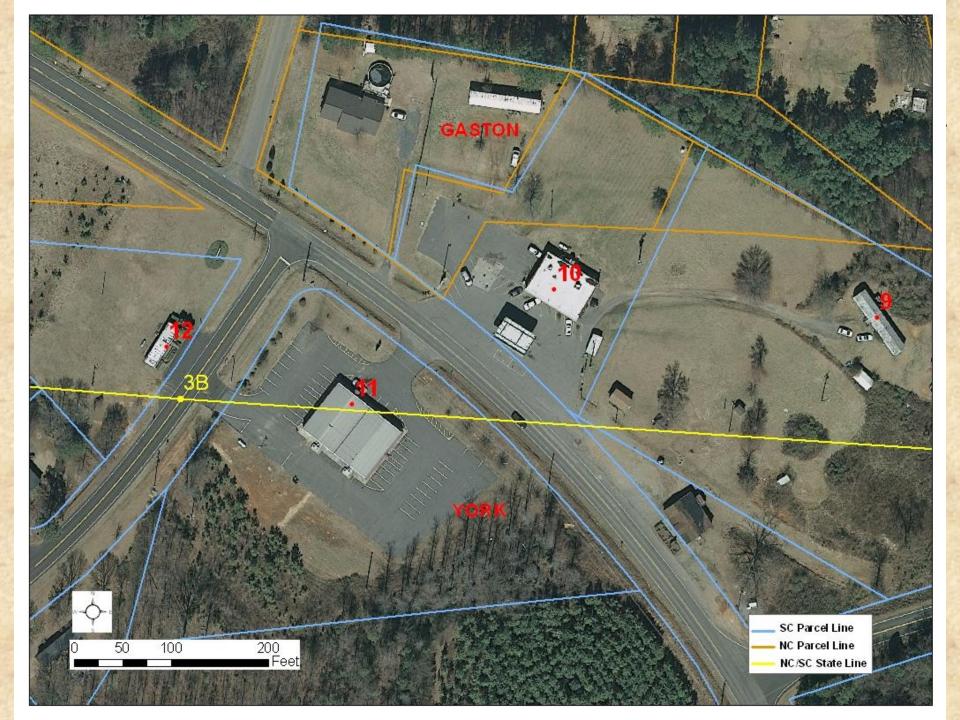
Mobile Scanning Applications

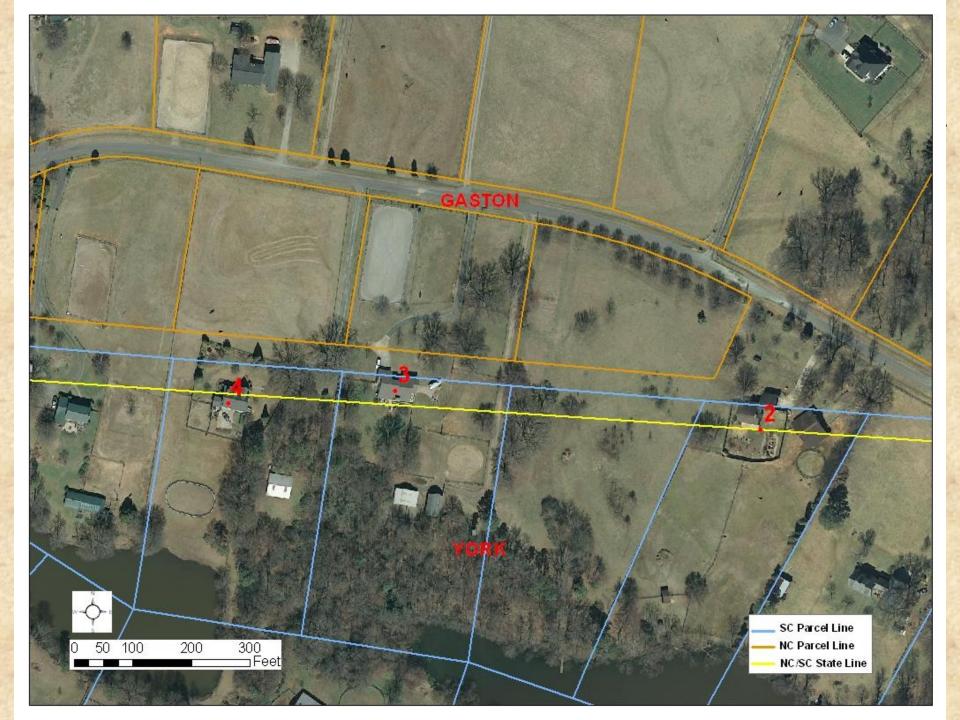
NC Railroad Company's Hy-Rail vehicle



- Mobile scanners and positioning equipment installed on vehicle
- NC CORS provides real-time positioning info to support the Hy-Rail vehicle's GNSS equipment







South of the Border



Questions?

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